

# 2017 PROVISIONAL SUMMARY OF RESULTS



#### INTRODUCTION

The Junior Certificate Examination (JCE) assesses achievement of learners who have completed three years of secondary education. The 2017 JCE assessed candidates on seventeen (17) syllabi, one (1) of which was available to private candidates only. The assessment was carried through written examinations, practical examinations and coursework assessment. There was a total of forty-nine (49) papers comprising of; eleven (11) multiple choice papers, twenty seven (27) open-ended or free response papers, eight (8) coursework components and three (3) practical examinations. The 2017 examination is the sixth assessment on the revised curriculum that was introduced in 2010. The main thrust of the revised curriculum is to provide learners with pre-vocational preparation through knowledge and selected practical experiences as well as building a foundation that enables individuals to cultivate manipulative ability, positive work attitudes and ultimately making informed choices for future careers. In response to this, BEC developed sets of assessments aimed at supporting the revised curriculum by bringing out of the learners important skills which will position the candidates for the world of work and vocational preparedness as well as preparing them for long life learning. Thus, standard-based grading was introduced in 2012. Candidates were graded in all the syllabi they sat for.

For the award of a JCE qualification, candidates were graded on 7 syllabi as follows:

- Candidates taking Setswana were graded on seven syllabi, which include English, Setswana, Mathematics, Science/General Science, the best syllabus from the optional group and the best two from the remaining syllabi.
- Candidates exempted from Setswana were also graded on seven syllabi, which include English, Mathematics, Science/General Science, the best syllabus from the optional group and the best three from the remaining syllabi.
- Private candidates who sit between one and six syllabi in any given year can be considered for the award of an overall grade after they have completed seven syllabi in a maximum of 5 consecutive years.

The 2017 JCE Summary Results Report is structured as follows: -

- Candidature
- Overall Performance
- Performance by Subject
- Performance by Gender
- Performance by Education Region
- Centres obtaining at least 50% pass for grades A-C
- Report Summary

#### 1.0 CANDIDATURE

Table 1.1: Candidature by Subjects, Gender and Year of Examination (2013 – 2017)

SUBJECTS	2013			2014			2015				2016		2017		
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
Setswana	38636	1944	19 291	40 269	19 822	20 447	41646	20483	21 163	41 221	20 277	20944	40690	20297	20393
English	38882	19466	19 415	40 528	19 956	20 572	41896	20599	21 297	41 431	20 390	21 041	40882	20401	20481
Mathematics	38791	19425	19 365	40 519	19 948	20 571	41893	20594	21 299	41 432	20 395	21 037	40886	20401	20485
General Science	1580	708	872	2 090	890	1 200	2 359	950	1 409	2 004	942	1 062	2189	955	1234
Integrated Science	37085	18674	18 411	38 263	18 989	19 274	39516	19646	19 870	39 388	19 432	19 956	38668	19433	19235
Social Studies	38678	19389	19 288	40 487	19 937	20 550	41864	20583	21 281	41 401	20 378	21 023	40855	20386	20469
Design & Technology	11027	8 800	2 227	11 188	8 990	2 198	11667	9 460	2 207	11 473	9 232	2241	10952	9130	1822
Agriculture	38653	19387	19 265	40 340	19 874	20 466	41830	20568	21 262	41 412	20 385	21 027	40843	20385	20458
Home Economics	10523	2 403	8 120	11 020	2 546	8 474	11488	2 773	8 715	11 408	2 816	8 592	11034	2756	8278
Commerce and Office Procedure	8 869	4 058	4 811	9 579	4 139	5 440	9 783	4 177	5 606	9 424	4 125	5 299	9705	4292	5413
Commerce and Accounting	5 668	2 556	3 112	6 258	2 787	3 471	6 893	2 918	3 975	7 302	3 120	4 182	7520	3221	4299
Religious Education	16999	6 658	10 340	17 498	6 417	11 081	17783	6 424	11 359	16 991	5 941	11 050	16692	5904	10788
Art	9 472	3 056	6 415	9 961	6 788	3 173	10588	7 282	3 306	10 795	7 621	3 174	10653	7568	3085
Moral Education	38699	19394	19 304	40 402	19 938	20 564	41858	20583	21 275	41 380	20 363	21 017	40842	20381	20461
French	1 745	795	950	1 703	736	967	1 813	729	1 084	1 755	742	1 013	1734	707	1027
Music	1 915	884	1 031	1 713	720	993	1 311	593	718	1 499	624	875	1516	655	861
Physical Education	11 478	6 347	5 131	12 050	6 769	5 281	12487	6 843	5 644	12 256	6 600	5 656	11991	6599	5392
TOTAL CANDIDATURE	38 944	19490	19 454	40 559	19 963	20 596	41 938	20621	21 319	41 464	20 408	21 056	40896	20404	20492

The total number of candidates who sat for 2017 Junior Certificate Examination (JCE) is **40 896** which is a decrease of 1.39% from the 2016 candidature. Among the 40896 candidates, 193 were Back to School candidates. There were **20 404** male candidates and **20 492** female candidates. Generally there was a decline in candidature in all subjects except Commerce and Accounting, Commerce and Office Procedure, General Science and Music which had slight increases compared to the previous year.

#### 2.0 OVERALL PERFORMANCE

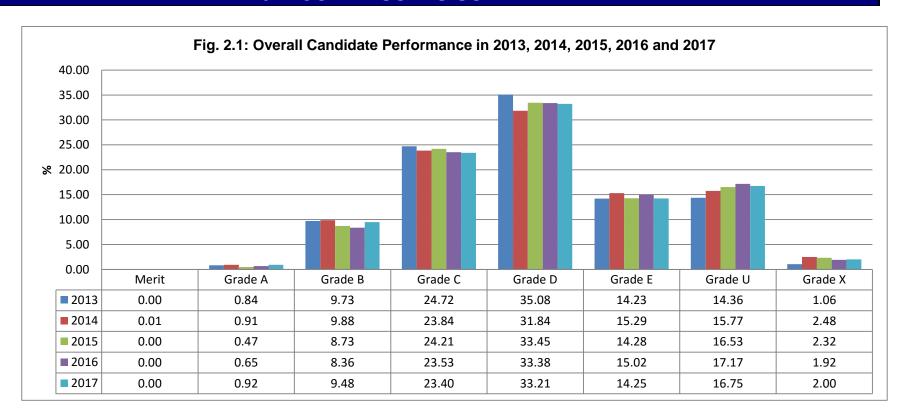
Table 2.1: National Summary of Overall Grades from 2013 to 2017

	2	2013		2014			2015			2016			2017		
Grade	Count	%	Cum	Count	%	Cum %	Count	%	Cum %	Count	%	Cum	Count	%	Cum
			%									%			
Merit	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	2	0.0	0.0
Α	325	0.8	0.8	367	0.9	0.9	197	0.5	0.5	270	0.65	0.65	376	0.92	0.92
В	3788	9.7	10.7	4007	9.9	10.8	3662	8.8	9.3	3465	8.36	9.01	3875	9.48	10.40
С	9626	24.7	35.3	9669	23.8	34.6	10154	24.5	33.8	9757	23.53	32.54	9568	23.40	33.80
D	13662	35.1	70.4	12914	31.8	66.5	14030	33.9	67.7	13841	33.38	65.92	13582	33.21	67.01
E	5540	14.2	84.6	6201	15.3	81.8	5987	14.5	82.1	6228	15.02	80.94	5825	14.24	81.25
U	5592	14.4	98.9	6395	15.8	97.5	6932	16.8	99.0	7105	17.14	98.08	6851	16.75	98.00
Х	412	1.1	100.0	1004	2.5	100.0	975	1.0	100.0	797	1.92	100	817	2.00	100.00
Total	38945			40559			41938			41464			40896		

Generally the overall results of 2017 JCE are more or less the same as the 2016 across various grades. About 33.80% of the candidates have been awarded grade C or better compared to 32.54% in 2016, an increase of 1.26%. Two (2) candidates have satisfied the award of a Merit in 2017. The overall performance is graphically presented in figure 2.1.

X denotes failure to meet grading requirements for the award of a qualification. It should be noted therefore, that out of the 817 candidates with X, 85 are a result of one particular centre which failed to submit their Design & Technology course work marks.

U denotes failure to meet minimum requirements at grade E.



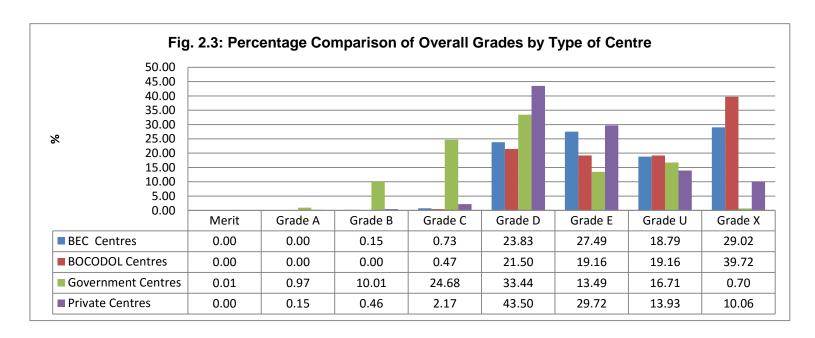
Patterns of performance over a five-year period show that generally grades A-C have been fluctuating between 2013 and 2016, with slight improvements at Grades A and B between 2016 and 2017, while grade C dropped slightly in 2017.

Table 2.2: Percentages and Frequency of Candidates Awarded Overall Grade for National, Back to School and Non Back to School

		National		В	ack to So	chool	No	n Back to S	chool
	Count	%	Cum%	Count	%	Cum%	Count	%	Cum%
MERIT	2	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	2	0.00	0.00
Α	376	0.92	0.92	0	0.00	0.00	376	0.92	0.92
В	3875	9.48	10.40	3	1.55	1.55	3872	9.51	10.43
С	9568	23.40	33.80	18	9.33	10.88	9550	23.46	33.89
D	13582	33.21	67.01	49	25.39	36.27	13533	33.25	67.14
E	5825	14.24	81.25	37	19.17	55.44	5788	14.22	81.36
U	6851	16.75	98.00	77	39.90	95.34	6774	16.64	98.00
X	817	2.00	100.00	9	4.66	100.00	808	1.99	100.00
Total	40896			193			40703		

Even though National performance at A-C grades was 33.80%, Back to School (BTS) candidates obtained 10.88% A-C pass. Nationally the modal grade is D (33.21%) which is almost the same proportion of grade D for Non Back to School (33.25%). However, the modal grade for BTS candidates is grade U at 39.90%.

#### 2.1 Comparison of overall grades by type of centre



Government centres recorded the highest proportion of candidates in the grades A to C.

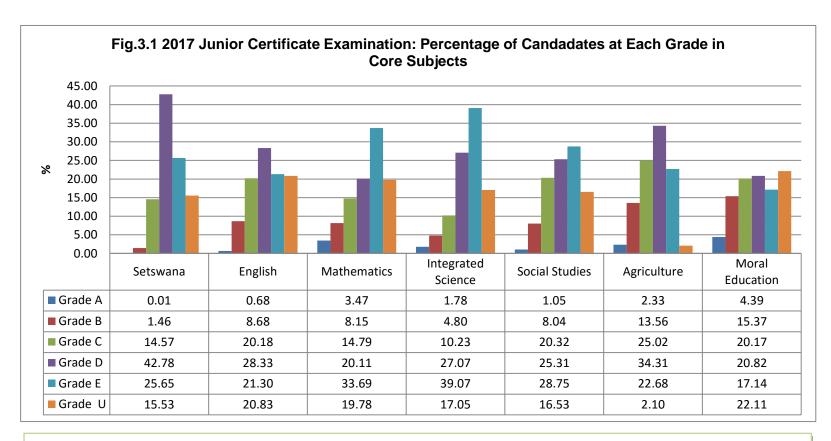
BOCODOL Centres have the highest proportion of grade U followed by BEC Centres. BOCODOL Centres also have the highest proportion of candidates who did not meet the requirements of the qualification(X).

#### 3.0: PERFORMANCE BY SUBJECT

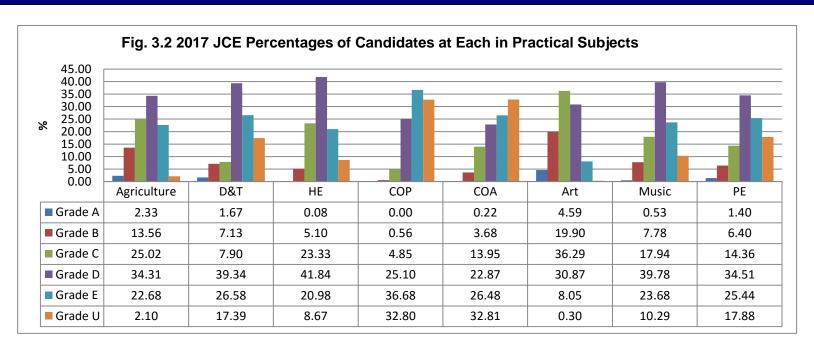
Table 3.1: Percentages of candidates awarded Grade C or better by subject in 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017

	2013 (%)	2014 (%)	2015 (%)	2016 (%)	2017 (%)	% Difference (2016/2017)
SETSWANA	26.4	19.8	21.3	15.84	15.90	0.06
ENGLISH	28.5	34.1	31.2	28.09	29.29	1.2
MATHEMATICS	28.7	24.5	24.4	24.84	26.20	1.36
INTEGRATED SCIENCE	19.8	20.5	12.7	15.06	16.80	1.74
SOCIAL STUDIES	33.9	35.7	35.7	29.35	29.16	-0.19
AGRICULTURE	29.9	30.7	33.2	39.69	40.57	0.88
DESIGN & TECHNOLOGY	10.1	15.6	12.2	15.35	16.56	1.21
HOME ECONOMICS	40.9	41.1	40.6	30.93	28.49	-2.44
COMMERCE & OFFICE PROCEDURES	10.0	11.1	9.8	6.79	5.23	-1.56
COMMERCE & ACCOUNTING	20.0	21.0	19.1	17.01	17.59	0.58
RELIGIOUS EDUCATION	26.4	24.7	23.3	31.51	32.66	1.15
ART	51.5	54.7	54.4	56.97	60.49	3.52
GENERAL SCIENCE	2.9	3.2	0.6	1.05	1.83	0.78
MORAL EDUCATION	40.3	39.2	41.0	38.48	39.60	1.12
FRENCH	8.5	10.3	12.5	11.51	13.61	2.1
MUSIC	24.8	23.1	22.7	32.29	26.25	-6.04
PHYSICAL EDUCATION	14.4	17.2	16.9	21.34	22.13	0.79

Three (3) subjects showed significant increase in cumulative percentage of candidates obtaining grade C or better, namely Art and French, even though there are other subjects with somewhat improvements. Music and Home Economics recorded the highest decline. Art is consistently the only subject with more than 50% of the candidates obtaining grade C or better across all the five (5) years and in 2017 it increased by 3.52%.

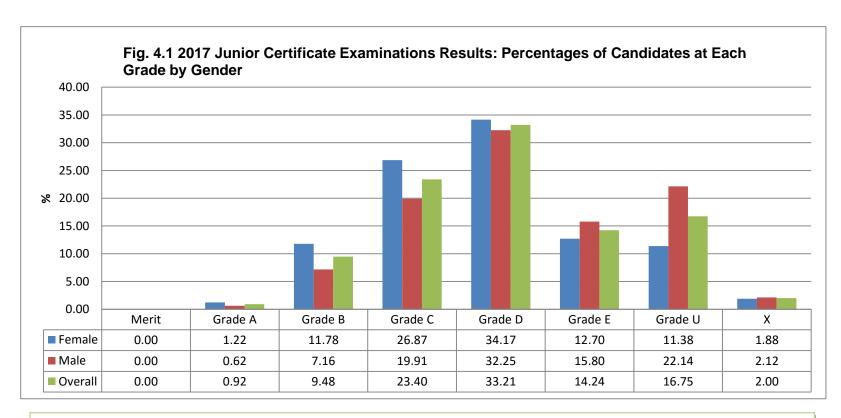


All subjects have the highest proportion of candidates at grade D or lower, for example Setswana, Agriculture and English have the highest proportions at grade D, while Mathematics, Social Studies and Integrated Science are at E. The performance distribution depicted at each level is skewed to the right implying large proportion of candidates obtaining lower grades compared to lower proportion of candidates obtaining grade A to C in these core subjects. This signifies a low performance especially for Core subjects which are taken by all candidates.



The same picture observed in core subjects can be seen in practical subjects. More candidates are grouped at grades D or lower. Art has the highest proportion of candidates at grade C.

#### **4.0: PERFORMANCE BY GENDER**



Gender differential in overall pass grade is more evident at grades B and C, where females are out-performing their male counterparts. It is also evident at lower grade E and U where males out number females.

Table 4.1: Percentage of Female candidates at each grade by subject in 2015, 2016 and 2017

		Α			В			С			D			Е			U	
	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017
Setswana	0.1	0.02	0.02	4.9	1.69	2.43	24.7	20.65	20.81	49.6	46.28	47.59	15.0	23.10	20.45	3.9	7.23	7.80
English	0.6	0.79	1.02	12.3	10.45	12.17	26.2	24.84	24.43	24.9	29.59	29.68	20.8	20.53	19.41	13.4	12.84	12.39
Mathematics	3.6	3.53	3.86	8.5	8.04	9.43	15.8	16.36	16.69	24.6	22.41	21.67	34.6	33.55	32.60	11.0	15.14	14.85
Integrated Science	0.5	1.42	1.64	3.1	4.51	5.08	9.3	10.27	11.16	27.3	29.21	29.85	43.8	40.25	40.43	15.9	14.26	11.80
Social Studies	0.8	0.58	1.32	11.5	8.22	9.79	28.1	24.72	22.70	25.6	27.52	26.06	20.0	27.18	27.92	12.2	10.82	11.31
Agriculture	0.4	1.43	2.60	10.0	14.67	15.27	25.8	27.69	27.19	42.2	35.08	35.25	18.0	18.40	17.20	2.0	1.75	1.63
Design and Technology	0.1	0.13	1.21	1.5	2.81	5.54	7.5	9.86	6.70	32.7	35.65	41.88	37.5	34.36	28.98	19.4	16.91	14.71
Home Economics	2.6	0.33	0.11	15.2	7.57	6.37	28.2	28.25	26.79	38.6	39.79	43.49	13.2	19.39	18.07	2.1	4.60	5.13
Commerce and Office Procedures	0.0	0.02	0.00	1.3	0.77	0.74	11.2	7.57	5.69	30.6	26.46	28.17	29.9	37.67	36.04	22.1	24.44	26.29
Commerce and Accounting	0.2	0.02	0.21	5.9	4.18	4.58	17.0	15.73	16.10	24.2	22.93	24.77	28.3	31.56	26.68	22.0	24.06	26.31
Religious Education	0.3	3.05	4.02	6.9	13.16	14.28	19.6	20.37	20.11	29.9	26.48	25.07	29.1	24.18	22.45	11.0	10.90	12.24
Art	2.0	3.53	3.34	14.3	19.94	18.64	36.7	30.62	36.99	34.8	36.07	33.16	11.2	8.95	7.10	1.0	0.50	0.19
General Science	0.0	0.00	0.16	0.1	0.09	0.41	0.4	0.75	0.97	0.8	5.65	6.40	19.8	33.90	35.66	54.4	41.15	37.84
Moral Education	6.9	5.00	6.05	18.9	17.86	19.71	22.7	23.59	23.04	19.6	21.51	20.54	14.2	14.64	15.61	15.9	16.44	14.96
French	2.6	1.97	2.63	6.1	5.03	5.65	9.3	8.49	10.32	22.0	22.80	21.52	40.8	42.35	40.21	18.6	19.35	19.28
Music	0.8	1.94	0.70	8.8	14.51	9.87	18.3	24.00	21.95	39.3	40.80	43.44	22.8	13.71	19.74	10.0	4.34	4.30
Physical Education	0.5	0.92	1.43	4.5	5.25	6.79	13.1	16.12	15.28	36.3	37.04	38.67	31.4	26.20	24.80	14.0	14.11	12.83

Table 4.1 depicts performance of females over a three year period (2015 – 2017). Across the three years, the proportions at each grade have been somewhat consistent. In 2017, proportions of female candidates obtaining grade A, B and C have somewhat increased. Moral Education had the highest proportion of females obtaining Grade A and Grade B. The females recorded a high proportion of grade U in General Science (41.15%) in 2016 and still the highest in 2017 at 37.84%, which is a decrease of 3.31 % from the previous year.

Table 4.2: Percentage of Male candidates at each grade by subject in 2015, 2016 and 2017

Subject	A		В		С			D			E			U				
	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017
Setswana	0.0	0.0	0.00	1.4	0.40	0.45	11.3	8.70	8.05	45.8	36.98	37.23	28.2	32.63	30.44	12.5	20.41	23.03
English	0.2	0.20	0.33	5.4	4.34	5.03	17.5	15.32	15.58	21.2	25.97	26.49	23.2	24.04	22.84	31.6	29.29	28.95
Mathematics	3.0	2.84	3.02	6.2	6.27	6.73	11.6	12.53	12.64	20.0	18.88	18.20	36.8	34.84	34.22	21.4	23.82	24.40
Integrated Science	0.7	1.25	1.91	3.3	3.78	4.52	8.5	8.87	9.30	22.7	23.93	24.30	39.5	36.93	37.70	25.2	25.22	22.23
Social Studies	0.5	0.39	0.76	8.3	5.71	6.14	22.2	18.94	17.60	22.9	24.41	24.13	21.3	28.18	29.10	24.0	21.55	21.50
Agriculture	0.3	0.93	2.02	7.9	10.87	11.62	21.9	23.66	22.44	38.8	34.03	32.80	26.6	26.80	27.81	3.8	2.85	2.54
Design and Technology	0.3	0.79	1.74	3.1	4.47	7.37	9.5	10.70	8.06	32.1	32.53	38.42	31.4	30.59	25.83	22.3	20.82	17.74
Home Economics	0.5	0.11	0.00	6.3	2.20	1.27	16.7	12.75	12.84	39.4	35.16	36.76	25.6	33.20	29.64	11.4	16.41	19.27
Commerce & Office Procedures	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.32	0.30	5.7	4.46	3.42	24.0	18.98	19.34	33.4	33.75	34.74	33.5	39.35	38.56
Commerce and Accounting	0.1	0.06	0.22	3.0	2.05	2.36	10.8	10.96	10.62	19.5	18.08	19.56	25.7	26.99	25.33	39.0	39.06	40.39
Religious Education	0.1	1.26	1.56	3.3	6.38	7.61	13.6	14.44	12.99	24.9	22.62	22.58	32.2	29.36	26.80	23.0	22.96	25.36
Art	3.2	3.66	5.07	18.1	24.13	20.28	33.7	30.42	35.76	33.1	31.75	29.72	10.6	9.30	8.38	1.1	0.54	0.34
General Science	0.0	0.11	0.10	0.7	0.21	0.00	0.0	0.96	2.09	3.2	10.72	13.61	26.0	41.93	38.85	52.5	28.98	25.55
Moral Education	3.1	2.11	2.64	11.9	10.32	10.76	18.2	17.82	16.96	18.8	20.71	20.75	16.0	16.77	18.40	31.1	31.46	29.71
French	8.0	0.40	0.85	1.1	2.16	2.26	2.5	3.50	3.25	11.3	11.32	10.61	34.0	33.96	32.81	50.2	47.57	49.65
Music	0.3	0.80	0.31	3.0	6.41	5.04	13.0	13.62	12.67	27.2	39.42	34.96	30.9	23.88	28.85	25.5	15.87	18.17
Physical Education	0.5	1.15	1.38	4.1	4.92	6.06	11.3	14.45	13.58	29.7	34.67	31.04	33.8	26.32	25.91	20.3	18.23	21.96

There are more males obtaining grade A, B and C in Art compared to other subjects; the trend is consistent for the past three (3) years. It is evident that fewer males are able to obtain Grade A or B in all subjects between 2015 and 2016. Art is the only subject which had a high proportion of grade C, more than 30% across the 3 years. The males recorded the highest proportion of grade U in French (49.65%) and Commerce and Accounting (40.39%) in 2017. For General Science, it was a significant decrease of 3.43% from 28.98 % in 2016 to 25.55% in 2017.

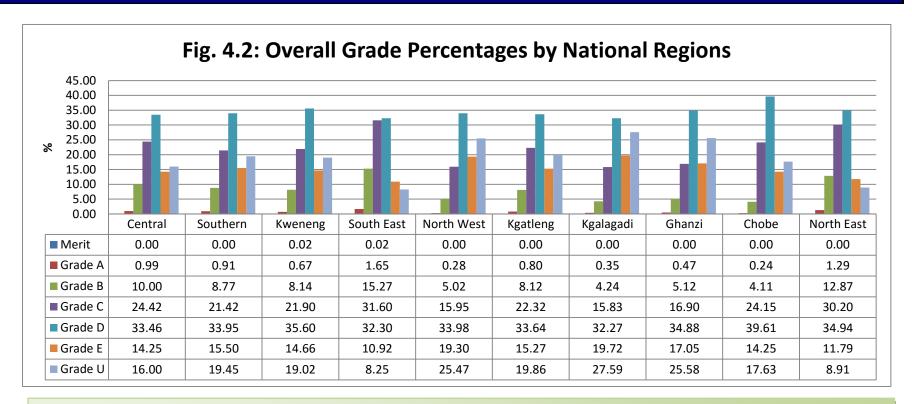


Fig. 4.2 shows the regional differences in candidates' performance. South East (1.65%) is leading in percentage of candidates awarded grade A, followed by North East (1.29%). Compared to other regions South East recorded the highest proportion of candidates that were awarded grade B (15.27%), followed by North East (12.87). Kgalagadi, Chobe, Ghanzi and North West regions have the lowest grades of A to C. Chobe has the highest proportions of grade D while Kgalagadi and Ghanzi have high proportions of grades E and U.

Table 4.3: 2016 Centres obtaining 50% or more of grades A-C by region

	Region	Centre	Percentage	
1.	South East	Nanogang Junior Secondary School	73.	.9
2.	Central	Orapa Junior Secondary School	72.	.1
3.	Central	Makhubu Junior Secondary School	68.	.6
4.	South East	Sir Seretse Khama Junior Secondary School	63.	.4
5.	South East	Bonnington Junior Secondary School	63.	.2
6.	South East	Moselewapula Junior Secondary School	62.	.8
7.	South East	Kgale Hill Junior Secondary School	62.	.0
8.	North East	Setlalekgosi Junior Secondary School	61.	.1
9.	Southern	Kgosi Mpe Junior Secondary School	60.	.2
10.	South East	Maoka Junior Secondary School	57.	.6
11.	North East	Donga Junior Secondary School	57.	.5
12.	Kgatleng	Linchwe II Junior Secondary School	56.	.2
13.	South East	Tlogatloga Junior Secondary School	56.	.0
14.	Central	Phatsimo Junior Secondary School	55.	.9
15.	Central	Meepong Junior Secondary School	55.	.8
16.	Southern	Itireleng Junior Secondary School	54.	.8
17.	Central	Boipelego Junior Secondary School	54.	.7
18.	Southern	Pitikwe Junior Secondary School	54.	.2
19.	South East	Maikano Junior Secondary School	52.	.0
20.	Central	Gosemama Junior Secondary School	51.	.7
21.	South East	Tlokweng Junior Secondary School	51.	.2
22.	Central	Lebogang Junior Secondary School	51.	.1
23.	North East	Thamani Junior Secondary School	51.	.1
24.	North East	Shanganani Junior Secondary School	50.	.0
25.	Central	Kgalemang Motsete Junior Secondary School	50.	.0
26.	Central	Mmaphula Junior Secondary School	50.	.0

Twenty- six (26) out of 207 government centres managed to obtain a 50% or more pass rate on A-C grades, a drop by three centres from the previous year. These centres are from five regions, namely South East, Central, North East, Southern and Kgatleng. The first three centres maintained their last year's positions even though they dropped in performance.

Table 4.4: 2017 Centres obtaining 50% or more of grades A-C by region

	Region	Centre	Percentage
1	Central	Orapa Junior Secondary School	77.1
2	Central	Meepong Junior Secondary School	75.8
3	South East	Bonnington Junior Secondary School	74.1
4	South East	Nanogang Junior Secondary School	72.8
5	Southern	Mogobane Junior Secondary School	70.3
6	South East	Tlogatloga Junior Secondary School	70.1
7	Southern	Kgosi Mpe Junior Secondary School	66.7
8	Central	Makhubu Junior Secondary School	66.2
9	North East	Setlalekgosi Junior Secondary School	65.4
10	Central	Phatsimo Junior Secondary School	64.2
11	Southern	Pitikwe Junior Secondary School	62.9
12	South East	Moselewapula Junior Secondary School	61.9
13	Central	Mannathoko Junior Secondary School	61.3
14	Kgatleng	Linchwe II Junior Secondary School	57.4
15	Central	Kgalemang Motsete Junior Secondary School	56.8
16	North East	Montsamaisa Junior Secondary School	56.6
17	North East	Shanganani Junior Secondary School	56.3
18	North East	Donga Junior Secondary School	55.6
19	South East	Kgale Hill Junior Secondary School	54.3
20	South East	Marulamantsi Junior Secondary School	53.8
21	South East	Tlokweng Junior Secondary School	53.2
22	South East	Sir Seretse Khama Junior Secondary School	53.2
23	South East	Baitlotli Junior Secondary School	53.0
24	South East	Ramotswa Junior Secondary School	51.4
25	South East	Maoka Junior Secondary School	51.2
26	Southern	Baratani Junior Secondary School	51.1
27	Central	Merementsi Junior Secondary School	50.8
28	South East	Matlala Junior Secondary School	50.7

Thirty (30) out of 207 government centres managed to obtain a 50% or more pass rate on A-C grades, an increase by four centres from the previous year. These centres are from five regions, namely Central, South East, Southern, North East and Kgatleng. Orapa CJSS is in position 1 from position 2 after a significant improvement from the previous year

	Region	Centre	Percentage
29	North East	Selepa Junior Secondary School	50.5
30	Central	Bakwena Kgari Junior Secondary School	50.3

#### **6.0 REPORT SUMMARY**

- Overall performance of 2017 JCE cohort is more or less the same as that for 2016, however, 2017 recorded a slight increase of 1.26% at grade C or better.
- Art and French are showing significant increase in cumulative percentage of candidates reaching C or better.
- Music and Home Economics experienced significant declines.
- All subjects in exception of Art obtained cumulative percentages less than 50% at grade C or better.
- Female candidates outperformed their Male counterparts in overall A to C grade.
- South East region recorded the highest proportion of candidates obtaining grades A to C.